

## CALIFORNIA SYSTEM OF EXPERIENCE RATING

Most new employers are required to pay a rate of 3.4 percent for Unemployment Insurance (UI) for up to three years. This is referred to as the "employer's contribution rate." After that an employer's contribution rate is determined by his/her experience rating and the condition of the UI Fund. Public school districts and some other eligible organizations can elect to pay for UI benefits through a "reimbursable method." For additional information refer to the UI Tax Program section of the *California Employer's Guide* (DE 44).

### UI RESERVE ACCOUNT

A reserve account is established when an employer first registers with the Department and is assigned an account number. The reserve account is a cumulative record of credits (+) and charges (-) and is the basis for the experience rating method. It is used to determine the employer's annual UI contribution rate. The difference between the credits and charges is the reserve account balance. It may be positive or negative and is non refundable.

Each year the reserve account balance is determined based on Department records as of July 31. The following method is used to calculate the reserve account balance:

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Previous reserve account balance} \\ + \text{Credits to reserve account} \\ - \text{Charges to reserve account} \\ \hline \text{New reserve account balance} \end{array}$$

### HOW YOUR UI CONTRIBUTION RATE IS ESTABLISHED

The method of determining contribution rates is called "**experience rating**." This method uses a formula to measure the stability of the employer's employment and the potential for future unemployment.

Employer's contribution rates are based on one of seven contribution rate schedules established by the California Unemployment Insurance Code (CUIC). At the end of this Information Sheet, we have included a chart showing the reserve ratios and the seven contribution rate schedules.

The first step in the annual process of establishing UI contribution rates is to determine which of the seven contribution rate schedules is in effect for the calendar year, using the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Balance of the UI Fund on September 30}}{\text{Gross wages reported by all employers during the fiscal year ending on the computation date (June 30)}} = \text{Percentage to determine the rate schedule}$$

This calculation establishes the rate schedule as follows:

PERCENTAGE		CONTRIBUTION RATE SCHEDULES
Greater than:	Equal to or less than:	
1.8		AA
1.6	1.8	A
1.4	1.6	B
1.2	1.4	C
1.0	1.2	D
0.8 (or equal to)	1.0	E
0.6 (or equal to)	0.799	F

#### NOTE:

If the calculation produces a ratio less than 0.6 percent, an emergency solvency surcharge rate of 1.15 times the rates on Schedule F is in effect.

The second step in establishing UI contribution rates is to compute your reserve ratio. Your ratio is determined by the ratio of your reserve account balance on July 31 to your average base payroll, using the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Your reserve account balance}}{\text{Your average base payroll}} = \text{Your Ratio}$$

Your reserve ratio is then compared to the applicable rate schedule in effect for the coming year.

#### NOTE:

"Your average base payroll" is the average of your taxable payrolls for three calendar years immediately preceding the computation date, June 30.

#### EXCEPTIONS:

If you have a taxable payroll in only two calendar years immediately preceding the computation date, the average base payroll would be based only on the wages for those two years or if you have taxable payroll in only one calendar year immediately preceding the computation date, the average base payroll would be based on the wages for that one year.

## CONTRIBUTION RATE NOTIFICATION

You will be notified of your UI, Employment Training Tax (ETT), and State Disability Insurance (SDI) rates on a Notice of Contribution Rates and Statement of UI Reserve Account (DE 2088). The DE 2088 is issued during the month of December. Any item on the DE 2088 may be protested except the ETT and SDI rates. Complete instructions for filing a protest are included on the Explanation of the Notice of Contribution Rates and Statement of UI Reserve Account (DE 2088C).

The DE 2088 contains the following information:

- The assigned contribution rates for UI, ETT and SDI.
- The annual taxable wage limit for UI, ETT, and SDI.
- The UI tax rate schedule in effect for the calendar year.
- The factors used in computing the UI reserve account ratio.

## ETT FUND

ETT is a separate and additional tax of 0.1 percent of the UI taxable payroll on positive reserve account employers only. The purpose of the ETT is to provide a controlled funding source for training. ETT is due and payable quarterly.

The following employers do not contribute to the ETT Fund:

- Employers who have a negative reserve account balance on June 30.
- Employers who have elected a reimbursable method of financing UI benefits.

## SDI FUND

SDI is a wage continuation plan for employees who are unable to work because of nonoccupational illness or injury. It is funded through employee payroll deductions.

The SDI withholding rate is the same for all employees and is calculated pursuant to Section 984 of the CUIC. It is an annual rate that may increase, decrease, or remain the same, depending on the balance in the SDI Fund on September 30 and the amount of disbursement, and wages paid.

The 2005 SDI rate will include an additional 0.08 percent for Paid Family Leave (PFL). For information on PFL, visit our Internet site at [www.edd.ca.gov](http://www.edd.ca.gov) or call 1-877-238-4373.

## CREDITS TO YOUR UI RESERVE ACCOUNT

Your UI reserve account is credited with the following:

- UI contributions paid from August 1 through July 31. This may include adjustments and Voluntary UI (VUI) payments. However, payments made in July for the quarter ending September 30 will not be included.
- The amount of interest credited is computed as follows:

Your reserve account balance		Balance		Your
Total of all positive reserve account balances	x	of interest earned	=	individual credits

- The amount canceled from your UI reserve account per Section 1027.5 of the CUIC. This occurs when your UI reserve account balance is negative and is more than 21 percent of your average taxable payroll during the last three calendar years.
- A prorated share of the following:
  - The total money collected from the claimants who were overpaid UI benefits in error or because of fraud.
  - The total of all the positive reserve accounts canceled after three years as inactive.
  - The miscellaneous income items to the UI Fund that are not included above.

## CHARGES TO YOUR UI RESERVE ACCOUNT

Your UI reserve account is charged for the following:

- Benefits paid to your former employees from July 1 through June 30 which may include additional benefits for training or retraining of skills.
- A prorated share of the following:
  - The total annual increase of all negative reserve account balances.
  - The total UI benefits paid in error or because of fraud that were identified during the fiscal year ending June 30.
  - The total UI benefits paid that were not charged to individual reserve accounts.
  - The miscellaneous expense items applied to the UI fund that are not included above.

## SHARED CREDITS AND CHARGES

The amount of all shared credits and all shared charges are computed by dividing:

$$\frac{\text{Your taxable wages for the fiscal year ending June 30}}{\text{Total of all employers' taxable wages for fiscal year ending June 30}} = \text{Percentage applied to the shared items}$$

## MINIMIZE YOUR UI CONTRIBUTION RATE

An employer who maintains a stable workforce, while filing and paying taxes on time, generally has a lower UI rate. An employer who experiences high turnovers, large fluctuations in payroll, and/or files and pays taxes late will have a higher rate. The following suggestions may help you to minimize your UI contribution rate:

- Work with your employees to avoid layoffs and voluntary quits. Every separation has a potential to increase your UI contribution rate.
- Grant leaves of absence to employees to help you keep fully trained personnel.
- Give written warning notices prior to discharging an employee. Keep a copy of these written notices and any supporting information for use in justifying the actions taken.
- Conduct exit interviews with employees to understand why an employee is leaving. This may result in changes to your company policies or procedures and may assist you in retraining your trained employees.
- Respond on time to any claim notices received from the Department.
- Provide clear answers to telephone interview questions from Department personnel.
- Bring witnesses with firsthand knowledge of pertinent facts when attending an appeal hearing.
- File and pay tax returns on time.
- Rehire former satisfactory employees who are currently receiving UI benefits that may be charged against your reserve account.

## VOLUNTARY UI CONTRIBUTION

During the years when contribution rate schedules AA through D are in effect, eligible employers may voluntarily pay an additional UI contribution to obtain a lower rate. A Voluntary UI Contribution Notice (DE 2088A) is sent to eligible employers, reflecting the amounts payable to receive a lower rate. If you are eligible, you have until the last working day in March to submit your payment. There is no provision allowing late payments for "good cause" or granting an extension period. Specific instructions are provided on the DE 2088A.

You are not eligible to participate in the voluntary UI contribution program if you:

- Have a required rate of 3.4 percent.
- Have a negative reserve account balance.
- Already have been assigned the lowest possible rate.
- Have been notified prior to September 1 of any unpaid amount owed to the Department which is not the subject of a timely petition for reassessment pending before the California Unemployment Insurance Appeals Board (CUIAB) on September 30 preceding the year to which a contribution rate is applicable.

It is your choice to participate. You should estimate the effect that a voluntary UI contribution may have on your account to determine if it will reduce your contribution costs for the year. A DE 2088VU for this purpose is provided with the voluntary UI notice. Obtaining a lower rate may not reduce your annual UI costs. The voluntary UI contribution is not a prepayment, but an additional payment, and cannot be deducted on a future tax return. Once a voluntary payment is made, the reduced rate is in effect for the full calendar year and the payment is not refundable.

**Section 976.5 of the CUIC prohibits voluntary UI contributions when rate schedule E or F is in effect, or in calendar years to which the emergency solvency surcharge is in effect.**

## HOW UI BENEFIT CHARGES OCCUR ON YOUR UI RESERVE ACCOUNT

The amount of UI (including extended duration or training extension benefits) payable to a claimant is based on the wages paid during a previous one-year period known as the “base period.” Any employers included in the base period are referred to as “base period employers.”

The base period for a claimant is determined as follows:

FOR NEW CLAIMS BEGINNING IN	THE BASE PERIOD IS YEAR ENDED PREVIOUS
January February March	September 30
April May June	December 31
July August September	March 31
October November December	June 30

### NOTE:

The base period of an extended claim is always the same as the base period of the original claim.

Benefits paid to a claimant are charged against the UI reserve account of the base period employer unless the employer has a favorable ruling. Refer to “Rulings” in the *California Employers Guide* (DE 44).

If there are two or more base period employers, the charges are prorated based on the total base period wages paid by each employer.

When claimants draw more than 26 times their weekly benefit amount or 1/2 of the base period wages plus \$1, the additional benefits are charged to the reserve account of the base period employer(s) unless the legislation authorizing the additional benefits calls for reimbursing the UI Fund from a special source.

## STATEMENT OF CHARGES

Each October, a Statement of Charges to Reserve Account (DE 428T) is mailed to you to notify you of all benefit charges made against your UI reserve account during the fiscal year July 1 through June 30.

The DE 428T may show charges for benefits paid to a claimant who worked for you from four months to four years prior to the time you receive the DE 428T. An amount followed by a minus (-) sign means that a previous charge was removed and the amount has been credited to your UI reserve account.

### NOTE:

You may protest any item on the DE 428T. Complete instructions for filing protests are included in the *Instructions for Filing Protests* (DE 428C).

## UI RESERVE ACCOUNT TRANSFERS

When an employer acquires all or part of another employer’s business, the employer who acquired the business may file an application for transfer of all or part of the former owner’s UI reserve account. This may result in an immediate reduction or increase in the UI contribution rate of the employer who acquired the business.

Acquisitions are not limited to purchases but may be the result of mergers or any other type of business agreement or reorganization. You must continue the operation of the business acquired.

You may request a transfer of a UI reserve account by:

- Submitting a completed *Application for Transfer of Reserve Account* (DE 4453). A DE 4453 may be obtained at your local Employment Tax Office (ETO), or download from our web site at [www.edd.ca.gov](http://www.edd.ca.gov).
- Sending a formal written request to EDD.

### NOTE:

The application for reserve account transfer will be returned if the transfer will increase your current rate. You are given the option of taking the increase or continuing at your current rate. After the transfer, any future charges that would apply to the former owner’s reserve account will be charged to your reserve account.

An employer who acquires a reserve account may realize an immediate reduction in the UI rate after the transfer. However, the rate may increase in future years if the former employer laid off any employees prior to going out of business. The benefits will be charged to the account of the employer who acquired the reserve account.

The employer who acquired the business should file the DE 4453 within the following time periods:

IF AN EMPLOYER	THEN				
Acquires part of another employer's business	An application for a partial reserve account transfer may be filed within 90 days of the acquisition date. There are no provisions for extending the 90-day period.				
Acquires all the business operations of another employer (complete acquisition)	An application for a complete transfer of reserve account may be filed within 3 years of the acquisition date. If an application is:				
	<table> <tr> <th>FILED</th><th>THEN</th></tr> <tr> <td>Within 90 days of the acquisition date</td><td> <p>Any lower rate for a new employer may be retroactive to the quarter in which the acquisition occurred.</p> <p>Any lower rate for an employer who was in business prior to the acquisition will be effective with the quarter following the quarter in which the acquisition occurred.</p> <p>Previous owners re-entering business would not be able to receive their old reserve account.</p> </td></tr> </table>	FILED	THEN	Within 90 days of the acquisition date	<p>Any lower rate for a new employer may be retroactive to the quarter in which the acquisition occurred.</p> <p>Any lower rate for an employer who was in business prior to the acquisition will be effective with the quarter following the quarter in which the acquisition occurred.</p> <p>Previous owners re-entering business would not be able to receive their old reserve account.</p>
FILED	THEN				
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	<table> <tr> <td>After the first 90 days from the acquisition date</td><td> <p>There will be no retroactive effect.</p> <p>Lower rates will be effective with the quarter following the quarter in which the application is filed.</p> <p>If the previous owners re-enter business before the application is filed, they will retain their old reserve account; Any subsequent application for transfer will be denied.</p> </td></tr> </table>	After the first 90 days from the acquisition date	<p>There will be no retroactive effect.</p> <p>Lower rates will be effective with the quarter following the quarter in which the application is filed.</p> <p>If the previous owners re-enter business before the application is filed, they will retain their old reserve account; Any subsequent application for transfer will be denied.</p>		
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## DISPOSITION OF RESERVE ACCOUNTS

UI contributions paid by you are deposited in the UI Fund and are only used to pay UI benefits. The reserve account is merely a record of credits and charges and is used only to determine UI contribution rates.

Employer accounts are inactivated when you:

- Go out of business,
- Notify the Department that your business will no longer have employees.

However, the reserve account remains active for three years because previously reported wages may be used as the basis for future claims. Charges to the reserve account may still occur for up to four years after the business is inactivated.

The following tables illustrate the disposition of reserve accounts:

IF THE EMPLOYER	THEN
Does not report wages for 12 consecutive calendar quarters	The reserve account is canceled.
Comes back into business before the reserve account is canceled or transferred and has payroll	The old reserve account will be reinstated regardless of the nature of the new business.
Comes back into business before the reserve account is canceled or transferred and did not have payroll for eight consecutive quarters such that the: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Last wages reported are too old to be used as the basis for a UI claim</li> <li>• Reserve account was not continuously subjected to benefit charges</li> </ul>	<p>The employer loses its experience rating and must qualify again for a rate other than 3.4 percent.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> This employer does not meet the legal definition of a new employer (Under Section 982 of the CUIC). They are required to pay UI contributions at 3.4 percent for four or five years depending on the date they again had payroll.</p>
Comes back into business after the reserve account was canceled or transferred	The employer is treated as a new employer and must qualify again for a rate other than 3.4 percent.

## APPEAL RIGHTS

An appeal may be filed with the CUIAB only after written denial has been issued on a protest to one of the following:

- Any item on the DE 428T.
- Any item on the DE 2088 except the ETT and SDI rates.
- Any ineligibility for making a voluntary UI contribution.

Instructions for filing an appeal will be provided with any of the above items.

Upon receipt of the appeal, the CUIAB will request EDD to prepare a response to the appeal. A copy of the response will be sent to the employer by the Department.

## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Employer agents, accountants, and bookkeepers may obtain the UI contribution rates of their clients on magnetic tape, diskette, cartridge, or CD. Employers as well as employer representatives may also obtain the benefit charges on magnetic tape or cartridge. There is no fee for this service.

To obtain additional information regarding UI, ETT, and SDI rates, or magnetic media, the status of the UI reserve account or benefit charges, contact:

Employment Development Department  
Contribution Rate Group, MIC 4  
P.O. Box 826880  
Sacramento, CA 94280-0001

(916) 653-7795

### AUTOMATED INFORMATION LINE

Contribution Rate Group has an automated telephone system to aid in directing your requests for information. For information or assistance please call: (916) 653-7795. Please have your employer account number and Notice of Contribution Rates and Statement of UI Reserve Account (DE 2088) and/or Statement of Charges to Reserve Account (DE 428T) available when you call.

Equal Opportunity Employer/Program. Auxiliary services and assistance available to persons with disabilities.

## UI TAX RATE SCHEDULE

Reserve Ratio		Contribution Rate Schedules							
Exceeds or =	Less than	Stated as a Percent							
		AA	A	B	C	D	E	F	*F+
Less than	-0.20	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	6.2
-0.20	-0.18	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	6.2
-0.18	-0.16	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	6.2
-0.16	-0.14	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	6.2
-0.14	-0.12	4.9	5.0	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	6.2
-0.12	-0.11	4.8	4.9	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	6.2
-0.11	-0.10	4.7	4.8	5.1	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.4	6.2
-0.10	-0.09	4.6	4.7	5.1	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.4	6.2
-0.09	-0.08	4.5	4.6	4.9	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.4	6.2
-0.08	-0.07	4.4	4.5	4.8	5.1	5.3	5.4	5.4	6.2
-0.07	-0.06	4.3	4.4	4.7	5.0	5.3	5.4	5.4	6.2
-0.06	-0.05	4.2	4.3	4.6	4.9	5.2	5.4	5.4	6.2
-0.05	-0.04	4.1	4.2	4.5	4.8	5.1	5.3	5.4	6.2
-0.04	-0.03	4.0	4.1	4.4	4.7	5.0	5.3	5.4	6.2
-0.03	-0.02	3.9	4.0	4.3	4.6	4.9	5.2	5.4	6.2
-0.02	-0.01	3.8	3.9	4.2	4.5	4.8	5.1	5.4	6.2
-0.01	0.00	3.7	3.8	4.1	4.4	4.7	5.0	5.4	6.2
0.00	0.01	3.4	3.6	3.9	4.2	4.5	4.8	5.1	5.9
0.01	0.02	3.2	3.4	3.7	4.0	4.3	4.6	4.9	5.6
0.02	0.03	3.0	3.2	3.5	3.8	4.1	4.4	4.7	5.4
0.03	0.04	2.8	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.9	4.2	4.5	5.2
0.04	0.05	2.6	2.8	3.1	3.4	3.7	4.0	4.3	4.9
0.05	0.06	2.4	2.6	2.9	3.2	3.5	3.8	4.1	4.7
0.06	0.07	2.2	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.9	4.5
0.07	0.08	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.1	3.4	3.7	4.3
0.08	0.09	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.2	3.5	4.0
0.09	0.10	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.3	3.8
0.10	0.11	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.1	3.6
0.11	0.12	1.2	1.4	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.3
0.12	0.13	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.1
0.13	0.14	0.8	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.9
0.14	0.15	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.4	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6
0.15	0.16	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.4
0.16	0.17	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.2
0.17	0.18	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.7	2.0
0.18	0.19	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7
0.19	0.20	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6
0.20	or more	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5

\*The emergency solvency surcharge rate (1.15 times the rate the employer would have paid in Schedule F, rounded to the nearest tenth).